## ECONOMIC COUNCIL LET

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## "Immigrationalists" Conspire to Destroy America

IN mid-May an officer of the Economic Council was asked by one of the largest TV broadcasting stations to take part in a half-hour panel discussion on immigration. The three other speakers were to be a representative of the State Department, one from the United Nations, and a prominent New York State office-holder.

We said we would give our answer the following day, and meanwhile we mailed them several of our publications on immigration. The next day we telephoned our officer's acceptance, and were given detailed instructions as to when and where he was to appear. We were told that the material we sent had been received.

However, some days later and 48 hours before the broadcast, a telephone call was received cancelling our appearance and explaining rather awkwardly that, since all of the other speakers were public officials, it seemed best not to have a representative of any private citizens' organization on the program! Obviously the real reason was withheld. The unseen forces in the background had vetoed the public's opportunity to hear views on immigration of one who might have differed from the bureaucrats.

TODAY immigration is one of the greatest subjects agitated in the halls of Congress and throughout the country. The present disposition of some Congressional leaders is to pass an immigration bill. And it may be taken for granted that such a bill would further let down the bars. So note carefully what follows.

There is no subject to which more thought is given by international communism, under orders from Moscow, than immigration. For the greatest force of communism and one which has been almost wholly successful the forty years since the Communist Internationale was set up, is infiltration. And infiltration in any given country is impossible without getting entry for communist agents. This was early realized by Soviet Russia and she has

acted on it without ceasing.

In 1922 the Communist Internationale in Moscow established the International Red Aid. This had three purposes: the movement and deployment of communists and those most susceptible to communist discipline; the fighting of deportations within the various countries; and the working within Western countries among aliens and various nationality groups for communist objectives.

Within ten years International Red Aid had penetrated sixty-seven countries. They had 83,000 organizations and various subsidiary groups, controlled by 40,000 highly placed, trained communist officials. These organizations had an aggregate membership of more than 11 million.

The American section of I.R.A., organized in 1925 as the International Labor Defense, within ten years developed 800 subsidiary organizations.

The communists supplemented and implemented this operation by what they call a united front tactic-namely, to work with non-communist and even anti-communist groups on specific immigration objectives. That's where they, fooled a multitude of good people, including churchmen.

A recent FBI analysis showed that of 5,000 of the more militant communists in the United States, 91.5 per cent were foreign born, married to foreign born, or of foreign parentage. One half of them traced their ancestry to Russia or its satellites. As we have stated before, Congressman Francis Walter in a Reader's Digest article of May, 1953 said that the House Un-American Activities Committee had found some three to five million persons who were illegally in the United States. Mr. Richard Arens, director of that Committee, said recently that thousands of warrants were outstanding for the deportation of communists, criminals and

other subversives which were completely unenforceable.

Mr. Arens, in an address to the Daughters of the American Revolution, April 18, 1957, reported there had been a complete breakdown in the enforcement of our immigration laws; that in Miami he had seen stacked up on the desk of the District Director of Immigration scores of files on cases of foreign subversives, international agents en route to the United States via Cuba. Mr. Arens asked:

"'How can you intercept these people?'

"And they said, 'We can't. There is an outstanding order by the State Department that all documents tion is waived for all persons coming into this country from Cuba ostensibly for less than twenty-nine days.' And we knew there were fifty thousand communists then in Havana, alone.

"We returned to Washington and asked the State Department about it and they said, 'The law says we may waive documentation in certain emergency cases, so we gave a blanket order.' And we said, 'What was 'the emergency?' and the answer was, 'The emergency is the terrific pressure we are under to get people into the United States'."!!

Pressure from the communists, of course. Pressure exerted in most cases indirectly through a multitude of groups. Most or all of these groups have secured deductibility before taxes for contributions, while groups like the National Economic Council which are fighting for their country's continued freedom, are refused deductibility.

Here then is a conspiracy to destroy America a conspiracy that is being advanced and financed largely through money taken from the taxpayers!

Incidentally, Mr. Arens reported that they found consulates and embassies in this country to be virtually spy nests. He added:

"We interrogated officials of the Immigration and Naturalization Service and of the Department of State and not a single official testifying under oath could recall a single case in the history of the Republic in which a visa or admission was denied to an alien seeking admission to the United States in diplomatic status, on security grounds. Robert C. Alexander, who was then the Assistant Administrator of the Visa Division of the Department of State, testified under oath that the visa office was turning down or recommending adversely between ten and fifteen cases a month of dangerous Soviet agents who were seeking admission into the United States, but, he said, 'We are uniformly, without exception, overruled by the higher echelons in the Department of State.'

"Within two weeks' time, the State Department empaneled a special commission to reprimand Mr. Alexander for reckless, dangerous statements".! It would thus appear that these "higher echelons" in the State Department have long played and still play the part of accomplices of communism.

M. R. ARENS said that his Committee picked at random 100 names from the thousands of diplomats within the United States from countries behind the Iron Curtain. These they sent to the Central Intelligence Agency and asked their backgrounds. Thirty-two proved to be active in the intelligence service of their respective countries; 29 in communist organization work; and 21 in other subversive activities.

Shortly thereafter the late Senator McCarran introduced a bill providing that no one could be admitted into the United States whose presence here would jeopardize public safety or security, irrespective of his status, diplomatic or otherwise. Immediately the State Department attacked the bill and completely stopped it on the theory that it would jeopardize our relations with the Soviet Union in our endeavor to build with them a world of peace.!

Communism was still telling the State Department what to do.

Mr. Arens in 1952 headed the staff that made an investigation of the refugee situation in Europe. He and his associates came back with the sworn testimony of the immigration and security agents of this country in Europe. This testimony showed that 40 per cent of the so-called "refugees" from Soviet Russia or its satellites were in a subversive or criminal category; that 30 per cent in West Germany were-either communist agents, sympathizers or security risks; that there were an estimated 60,000 Red agent "sleepers" in the pipeline waiting to come to the United States. The staff also had the sworn testimony that it would be impossible to screen them out.

Yet the Refugee Relief Act was passed, allowing 214,000 more to be brought into the United States. Senator McCarran, Representative Francis Walter and Senator Jenner saw to it that an experienced and loyal American, Mr. Almanzo Tripp, was designated to head the screening operations. Shortly thereafter Mr. Walter received a phone call from the head of the Immigration and Naturalization Service, who told him, "We just piped into a meeting down in New York City of what we might call a 'liberal' group, and a man got up and said: 'We are going to have Tripp knocked off." However, the head of the Immigration Service said, "Don't worry about it. We think we can hold it off."

But ten days later Mr. Tripp himself telephoned

Mr. Arens and said, "I just got my orders. I am to be completely removed from the refugee program."

Then the next year the Refugee Relief Act was itself amended to liberalize its provisions. The definition of a refugee was so broadened that it would encompass anyone anywhere in the world who was outside of his homeland.

Mr. Arens said in his speech to the D.A.R.:

"What of the present situation on the Immigration and Nationality Act? About a year and a half ago the Attorney General of the United States came before the Senate Immigration Sub-committee to testify upon what were announced as 'moderate revisions' of the Immigration and Nationality Act. He read a prepared statement. It was my responsibility as Staff Director of the Sub-committee to cross-examine him and to interrogate him. I was amazed to find he, didn't know the provisions of the very bills he was endorsing and to which he was lending the prestige of his office. These bills would triple immigration and destroy the security safeguards of this Government."

Then Mr. Arens added:

"Thereafter, in about ten days the Secretary of State requested the opportunity to appear before the same Committee and to read a prepared statement lending the prestige and dignity of his office to the movement. But the very morning he was to appear, an emissary came from the State Department and said, "The Secretary of State will not submit himself to any interrogation." And so I was silenced in my attempts to reveal the facts respecting the bills which he was supporting and which likewise would have emasculated our protective immigration system."

So the Secretary of State permitted himself to be drawn into this communist conspiracy—repeat, drawn into this communist conspiracy.

During the second session of the 84th Congress (that is, in 1956) a series of amendments were added on the last day of the session to a routine bill then pending in the Senate. These amendments were not even printed, as is the custom in the Senate, nor were they referred to any Committee of the Senate. There was no Committee report. There was no record vote. However, they were railroaded through the Senate. They would have increased immigration from the normal 230,000 a year to around one million. They would have destroyed the national origins quota system and would have emasculated the screening provisions.

Fortunately for America, Representative Francis Walter of Pennsylvania, Chairman of the Immigration Sub-committee of the House, stood firm and stopped these amendments in the House. For this action he is entitled to the eternal gratitude of the American people.

THE House Committee on Un-American Activities has learned that during the past three years the Communist Party has created and now controls within the United States 180 organizations dedicated exclusively to bringing grass-roots pressure on the Congress to destroy the Walter-McCarran Act. The greatest success the communists have had is that they have persuaded the "liberals" and large segments of the general public that this communist drive is not communist at all—that it is simply an attempt to liberalize and make more "democratic" and humane our present immigration system.

Through these communist groups the communists claim (and the House Committee on Un-American Activities believes them) that they can have on Capitol Hill within 72 hours, 50,000 letters on any subject under the sun. Says Mr. Arens:

"In this campaign, wittingly or unwittingly, they have ready allies in the professional immigrationalists and in the vote-hustling demagogues who would trade the security and welfare of this nation for socalled nationality bloc votes. . . ."

These communists know that in the White House now Mr. Max Rabb, Secretary of the Cabinet, has as his major responsibility to look after the interests of the nationality groups of this country. In all probability that is what he was put there for.

The Economic Council has talked much about the budget, as our readers know. We believe that if public spending is not quickly taken in hand by the Congress this country can go broke—literally go broke. The fact that the Treasury's offer of 35% per cent bonds the week of May 12 was in large part a flop speaks for itself. We do not remember when an offer of United States bonds has failed.

President Eisenhower today is urging his \$4 billion budget for foreign aid as necessary to defeat international communism. But the immigration legislation the Administration favors would meanwhile help communism to destroy America here at home.

This matter of immigration is vital. We have permitted our immigration policy to be shaped by communists—mostly by alien communists or their sons. The kind of people they have brought in have come to destroy America.

Mr. Walter said on TV recently that most of the first 6,000 Hungarian refugees brought to the United States were communists, who were fleeing before the anti-communist rebels.

Congress should do something to get rid of most of those aliens illegally in this country. They are a menace to our very existence as a free nation.

All immigration should be stopped for a term of years, except for proven relatives of those legally in America.

Let there be an end of yielding to communists, internationalists and ignorant do-gooders including those misled clerics who want to substitute the "social gospel" for the gospel of Christ.

Congress will move, if enough of you citizens act.

## Citizens' Rights Betrayed

Last January 30 a United States service man, William S. Girard, was working on a firing range at our Camp Weir in Japan. When, in line of duty, he fired a blank mortar shell as a warning to Japanese civilians to leave the area, the shell case accidentally killed a Japanese woman.

Whereupon U. S. Rear Admiral Hubbard, though he said he was under no obligation to do so, agreed to turn Girard over to a Japanese court for trial for

manslaughter.

Under the horrible Status of Forces Treaty, cravenly ratified by the Senate on July 14, 1953, we violated the constitutional rights of members of our armed forces by agreeing, contrary to every American interest and all American precedent, to turn over for trial any of our forces accused of violating any criminal law while off duty in a foreign country. The Administration apparently wanted to show how internationalist we were—internationalist rather than loyal to the American Constitution, which every American official, both civil and military, from the President down, had sworn to uphold. We showed it, all right!

But Girard was engaged in military duty. Admiral Hubbard was apparently trying to outdo the internationalism of the Administration. A U.P. dispatch from Tokyo, dated May 16 contained the following:

"An American Embassy official here who said it would be 'worth my job to be quoted' said he thought the American action 'stinks. We apparently consider the man expendable,' he declared."

The New York Times of May 19 said that the woman killed, and other Japanese civilians, were trying to collect scrap metal for sale, and were aware of the danger involved. Even the Times said editorially, "This is obviously not a situation in which a Japanese court should have jurisdiction."

Fortunately Secretary Wilson blocked the move against Girard, pending a review of the case.

The American press frequently tells how hard it is to keep competent personnel in the armed services, owing to higher pay and better conditions in civilian life at home. We can think of nothing that would make men more eager to quit the armed services and more willing to evade such service than the folly contained generally in the Status of Forces Treaty, and in the unwarranted action of Admiral Hubbard in particular.

The National Economic Council, in Letter No. 316 of August 1, 1953, told of the sell-out of American service men by the ratification of the Status of Forces Treaty a few days before. In what we hope is the all-time low of patriotism in the United States Senate, 72 Senators voted to ratify this treaty, and only fifteen opposed it.

We said in Letter No. 316:

"The prime interest of the Administration seems to be to promote internationalism—at whatever cost to the American Republic . . . Internationalism is international socialism. It cannot succeed without destroying the Republic."

This Council Letter may be quoted in whole or part, provided due credit is given to the National Economic Council, Inc., Empire State Building, New York 1, N. Y., and quotation is specified to be from Economic Council Letter 408, June 1, 1957.

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